

ACCORDING TO FEDERAL REGISTER / VOL. 77, NO. 58 / MONDAY, MARCH 26, 2012 / RULES AND REGULATIONS.

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY INDENTIFICATION

Name of the Product: STATBOND 5010 A, Mixture

Recommended Use: No use is specified

StaticWorx, 372 Hurricane Ln Suite 201, Williston, VT 05495 **Company:**

Telephone Number

for Information: (617) 923-2000

Emergency Phone Number: 800-255-3924 or Local Poison Control Center

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification (GHS-US): Skin Irrit. 2 H315

> Eye Dam. 1 H318 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Repr. 2 H361

Aquatic Acute 2 H401 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US):







Signal Word (GHS-US): Danger

Hazard Statement: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

> H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H401 - Toxic to aquatic life.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or spray. **Precautions Statements:**

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, face shield, eye protection.

P302+P352 - If ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Other Hazards:

Unknown Acute Toxicity

(GHS-US):

Not available



SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	% (w/w)
Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2-propanediol (2:1), polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene, nonylphenol-blocked (Polyurethane Prepolymer)	(CAS No) 102900-03-8	15 - 40
Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin polymer	(CAS No) 25068-38-6	15 - 40
Alkyl (C12-14) glycidyl ether	(CAS No) 68609-97-2	7 - 13
Carbon black*	(CAS No) 1333-86-4	1 - 5
Propanol, oxybis-, dibenzoate	(CAS No) 27138-31-4	1 - 5
Phenol, 4-nonyl-, branched	(CAS No) 84852-15-3	1 - 5

^{*}This product contains a material that may be hazardous when present as an airborne dust. Since this product is in a liquid form, the material is not able to become airborne and cannot be inhaled. Thus, the hazards usually associated with this material are not applicable to this product.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice

(show the label if possible).

Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 60 minutes. Remove/Take off immediately **Skin Contact:**

all contaminated clothing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. **Eye Contact:**

Continue rinsing for at least 60 minutes. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. **Ingestion:** Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Obtain medical

attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn

child. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, **Skin Contact:**

swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, **Eye Contact:**

tearing, and blurred vision. Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.

Ingestion: Not available.

May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation:

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause an allergic skin reaction. **Chronic Symptoms:**

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).



SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide (CO2), alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, or

sand.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Potentially violent decomposition can occur above 350 °C.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive but if hazardous polymerization occurs can have an

oxidizing effect that could lead to fire and possible explosion.

Hazardous reactions may occur on contact with certain chemicals. Refer to **Reactivity:**

incompatible materials.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Under fire conditions,

hazardous fumes will be present.

Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and **Firefighting Instructions:**

large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory **Protection During Firefighting:**

protection.

Under fire conditions this material may produce hazardous carbon dioxide (CO2), **Hazardous Combustion Products:**

carbon monoxide (CO), various low molecular weight hydrocarbons, and smoke.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor, mist, or spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE). **For Non-Emergency Personnel:**

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. **For Emergency Personnel:**

> Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as

conditions permit.

Environmental Precautions: Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers

or public waters.

Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Spills should be contained **Methods For Cleaning Up:**

with mechanical barriers. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for

disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry

into sewers or streams. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw

dust or cellulosic material.

Reference to Other Sections:

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. For further information refer to section 13.



SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and **Hygiene Measures:**

other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and

when leaving work.

Additional Hazards

When Processed: The substance will polymerize due to heating, on contact with peroxides, and under the

> influence of light. Heating may cause violent combustion or explosion producing acrid smoke. The substance may also spontaneously polymerize if it is not stabilized. Product to

be handled in a closed system and under strictly controlled conditions.

Technical Measures: Any proposed use of this product in elevated-temperature processes should be thoroughly

evaluated to assure that safe operating conditions are established and maintained.

Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep/ **Proper Storage:**

Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible

materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Specific End Use(s): No use is specified.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

Carbon black (1333-86-4)

Carbon black (1333-86-4)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3.5 mg/m ³
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	7 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	3.5 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	3.5 mg/m ³ 0.1 mg/m ³ (Carbon black in presence of Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	1750 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3.5 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (inhalable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3.5 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	7 mg/m³
	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3.5 mg/m ³
	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	7 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3.5 mg/m ³



OEL TWA (mg/m³) 3 mg/m³ (inhalable) Ontario

OEL TWA (mg/m³) 3 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction) Prince Edward Island

VEMP (mg/m³) 3.5 mg/m^3 Québec 7 mg/m^3 Saskatchewan OEL STEL (mg/m³) 3.5 mg/m^3 Saskatchewan OEL TWA (mg/m³) 7 mg/m^3 OEL STEL (mg/m³) Yukon 3.5 mg/m^3 OEL TWA (mg/m³) Yukon

Appropriate Engineering

Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the

> immediate vicinity of any potential exposure, but are not required. Product to be handled under strictly controlled conditions. Ensure all national/local

regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or mists below the applicable workplace

exposure limits.

Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing. Face shield. Insufficient ventilation: **Individual Protection Measures:**

wear respiratory protection.

Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. **Materials for Protective Clothing:**

Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. **Hand Protection:**

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. **Eye Protection: Skin and Body Protection:** Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory

protection should be worn.

Do not allow the product to be released into the environment. **Environmental Exposure Controls:**

Consumer Exposure Controls: Do not eat, drink, or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Paste

Appearance: Thick Black Paste Odor: Not available **Odor Threshold:** Not available Not available pH: Not available **Evaporation Rate: Melting Point:** Not available

Freezing Point: 32 °F

Boiling Point: $\approx 425 \,^{\circ}\text{F} (218 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$ Flash Point (TCC): > 200 °F (93 °C) **Auto-ignition Temperature:** Not available **Decomposition Temperature:** Not available Flammability (solid, gas): Not available **Lower Flammable Limit:** Not available **Upper Flammable Limit:** Not available **Vapor Pressure:** Not available Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C: Not available **Relative Density:** Not available



Specific Gravity: 1.1

Solubility: Not available

Partition Coefficient:

N-Octanol/Water: Not available

250,000 - 400,000 cps **Viscosity:**

Explosion Data – Sensitivity

to Mechanical Impact: Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.

Explosion Data – Sensitivity

to Static Discharge: Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions may occur on contact with certain chemicals. Refer to

incompatible materials. Chemical Stability:

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see Section 7). **Chemical Stability:**

Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Ignition sources. Incompatible

materials.

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. **Incompatible Materials:**

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under fire conditions this material may produce hazardous carbon dioxide (CO2),

carbon monoxide (CO), various low molecular weight hydrocarbons, and smoke.

Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur under normal conditions.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not classified **Acute Toxicity:** LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified **Teratogenicity:** Not classified **Carcinogenicity:** Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity

(Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

Specific Target Organ Toxicity

(Single Exposure): Not classified **Aspiration Hazard:** Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries after Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries after Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may

include: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, **Symptoms/Injuries after Eye Contact:**

swelling, itching, burning, tearing, and blurred vision. Causes permanent

damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva..

Chronic Symptoms: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause an allergic

skin reaction.



<u>Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)</u>

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Carbon black (1333-86-4)

LD50 Oral Rat: > 8000 mg/kg

Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin polymer (25068-38-6) **LD50 Oral Rat** > 2000 mg/kg **LD50 Dermal Rat** > 2000 mg/kg

Phenol, 4-nonyl-, branched (84852-15-3)

LD50 Oral Rat 580 mg/kg LD50 Dermal Rabbit 2031 mg/kg

Carbon black (1333-86-4)

IARC Group 2B

OSHA Hazard Communication

Carcinogen List In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ecology - General: Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Carbon black (1333-86-4):

EC50 Daphnia 1 5600 mg/l (Exposure time: 24 h - Species: Daphnia magna)

Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin polymer (25068-38-6):

LOEC (acute) 1 mg/l Daphnia magna NOEC chronic crustacea 0.3 mg/l Daphnia magna

Phenol, 4-nonyl-, branched (84852-15-3):

LC50 Fish 1 0.135 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])

0.14 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna) EC50 Daphnia 1

0.1351 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-through]) LC 50 Fish 2

Persistence and Degradability Not available

Bioaccumulative Potential

Phenol, 4-nonyl-, branched (84852-15-3):

BCF Fish 1 271

Not available Mobility in Soil

Other Information Avoid release to the environment.



SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Sewage Disposal Methods: This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and

Waste Disposal Methods: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national,

provincial, territorial, and international regulations.

Avoid release to the environment. **Ecology – Waste Materials:**

SECTION 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

In Accordance with DOT: Not regulated for transport In Accordance with IMDG: Not regulated for transport In Accordance with IATA: Not regulated for transport In Accordance with TDG: Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin polymer (25068-38-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Phenol, 4-nonyl-, branched (84852-15-3)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on United States SARA Section 313

EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under

TSCA. S - S - indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final

Significant New Uses Rule.

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0 %

Alkyl (C12-14) glycidyl ether (68609-97-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under

TSCA.

Propanol, oxybis-, dibenzoate (27138-31-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2-propanediol (2:1), polymer with

1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene, nonylphenol-blocked (102900-03-8)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory



US State Regulations

Carbon black (1333-86-4) U.S. - Massachusetts – Right-to-Know List

U.S. - New Jersey - Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right-to-Know) List

Canadian Regulations

WHMIS Classification Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects

Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

Class E - Corrosive Material





Carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

IDL Concentration 1 %

WHMIS Classification Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects

Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin polymer (25068-38-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

Phenol, 4-nonyl-, branched (84852-15-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects

Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

Alkyl (C12-14) glycidyl ether (68609-97-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

Propanol, oxybis-, dibenzoate (27138-31-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2-propanediol (2:1), polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene, nonylphenol-blocked (102900-03-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.



SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date 05/11/2015

Other Information: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA

Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases: H315: Causes skin irritation

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318: Causes serious eye damage

H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H401: Toxic to aquatic life H402: Harmful to aquatic life

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.