

SAFETY DATA SHEET FOR GROUNDWORX EC – CATALYST

MAY BE USED TO COMPLY WITH ANSI Z400.1-2004, 29 CFR 1910.1200, REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008 (CLP REGULATION), AND GHS. STANDARD MUST BE CONSULTED FOR SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Name of the Product:	Groundworx Catalyst
Product Code:	#26CAT
Recommended Use:	Groundworx EC Catalyst
Producer:	StaticWorx
	P.O. Box 1556, Williston, VT 05495
Phone Number for Information:	(617) 923-2000
Emergency Phone Number:	800-255-3924 or Local Poison Control Center.

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification:	Skin irritation, Category 2
	Eye irritation, Category 2A
Labelling:	Symbol: Exclamation mark
	Signal Word: Warning
Hazard Statement:	Causes skin irritation
	Causes eye irritation
	May cause an allergic skin reaction
	May cause respiratory irritation
Precautionary Statement:	Keep container tightly closed when not in use.
	Keep away from heat, sparks and or open flame.
	No smoking.
	Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.
	Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.
	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
	Store in a cool well-ventilated area.
	Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS#	Weight %
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	112-34-5	20-30
Diethylene glycol monomethyl ether	34590-94-8	4-8
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol-Epichlorohydrin Copolymer	25068-38-6	60-70



SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

- Skin Contact: Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- **Eye Contact:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- **Ingestion:** Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove affected person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that the vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- **Inhalation:** Remove affected person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison control center or physician. If unconscious, place in a recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie, belt or waistband.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Decomposition products may include nitrogen oxides, halogenated compounds, and metal oxides
Fire/Explosion Hazard:	None known.
Protective Equipment &	
Precautions For Firefighters:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full fire-fighting protective clothing. Thoroughly decontaminate all protective equipment after use. Evacuate all persons from the fire area to a safe location. Move non-burning material, as feasible, to a safe location as soon as possible. Fire fighters should be protected from potential explosion hazard while extinguishing the blaze. DO NOT extinguish a fire resulting from the flow of this combustible liquid until the flow of liquid is effectively shut off. This precaution will help prevent the accumulation of an explosive vapor-air mixture after the initial fire is extinguished. Use water spray to cool fire- exposed containers.



SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions:	Depending on the extent of release, consider the need for fire fighters/ emergency responders with adequate personal protective equipment for cleaning up. Do not eat, drink or smoke while cleaning up. Use a self- contained respirator, a mask with filter or a filtering mask. Wear protective clothing, safety glasses and impervious gloves (e.g. neoprene gloves). Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid all sources of ignition: hot surfaces and open flames (see also section 7).
Environmental Precautions:	Prevent spills from entering storm sewers or drains and contact with soil.
METHODS FOR CLEANING UP	
Small Spill:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water- soluble. Alternately, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor
Large Spill:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or other confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant if possible. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product. Note, see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container, tightly closed, when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be dangerous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on General	
Occupational Hygiene:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this product is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also section 8 for additional hygiene measures.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN



SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether 112-34-5

ACGIH	time weighted average	20 ppm
NIOSH	recommended exposure limit	5 ppm
NIOSH	recommended exposure limit	24 mg/m3
OSHA Z1	permissible exposure limit	50 ppm
OSHA Z1	permissible exposure limit	240 mg/m3

Diethylene glycol monomethyl ether 34590-94-8

OSHA Z1	permissible exposure limit	600 mg/m3
OSHA Z1	permissible exposure limit	100 ppm
ACGIH	short term exposure limit	150 ppm
ACGIH	time weighted average	100 ppm
Appropriate E	Engineering Controls:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminates below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmenta	al Exposure Controls:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
Exposure Con	trols:	Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure levels below TLV(s).
INDIVIDUAL	PROTECTION MEASURES	
Hygiene Meas	sures:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/Face Prot	ection:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash

goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face

respirator may be required instead.



Skin/Hand Protection:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of gloves cannot be properly estimated. 8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber.
Body Protection:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task performed and the risks involved. Should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended, safety apron.
Other Skin Protection:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: natural rubber (latex)

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Clear
Odor:	Characteristic Epoxy
Odor Threshold:	Not available
Physical State:	Liquid
pH:	6.0-7.0
Flash Point (TCC):	Not applicable. Product does not sustain combustion.
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not available
Lower and Upper Explosive Limits:	Not available
Vapor Pressure:	Not available
Vapor Density:	Not available
Relative Density:	1.09
Solubility:	Neglible
Partial Coefficient:	Not available
Auto-Ignition Temperature:	Not available
Decomposition Temperature:	Not available
Viscosity:	100-200 cps. @ 25°C

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability:	This product is stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to Avoid:	Keep away from heat, open flames and other ignition sources.
Incompatible Materials:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
	aliphatic amines, strong oxidizing agents, strong acids.



Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Hazardous Reactions:

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether 112-34-5	
Oral LD50 Rat	6,560 mg/kg
Inhalation LC50 Guinea Pig	> 633 ppm, 1 h
Dermal LD50 Rabbit	2,700 mg/kg
Diethylene glycol monomethyl ether 34590-94-8	
Ingestion LD50 Rat	> 5,000 mg/kg
Dermal LD50 Rabbit	9,510 mg/kg
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol-Epichlorohydrin Copolymer 25068-38-6	
Oral LD50 Rat	11,400 mg/kg
Dermal LD50 Rat	2,000 mg/kg

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether 112-34-5				
Toxicity to fish	LC50: Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	1,300 mg/l 96 h static		
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	LC50: Water Flea (Daphnia magna)	2,850 mg/l static		
Diethylene glycol monometh	yl ether 34590-94-8			
Toxicity to fish	LC50: Guppy (Poecilia reticulate)	> 1,000 mg/l 96 h static		
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	LC50: Water Flea (Daphnia magna) LC50: Shrimp (Crangon crangon)	1,919 mg/l 48 h static > 1,000 mg/l 96 h semi-static		

Bio-accumulative Potential:	There is no evidence to suggest bioaccumulation will occur.
Mobility:	Accidental spillage may lead to penetration in the soil and
	groundwater. However, there is no evidence that this would cause
	adverse ecological effects.
Aquatic Toxicity:	May cause adverse effects in the aquatic environment.



SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Waste Disposal Methods:Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal
regulations. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes,
streams, ponds or estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance
with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
(NPDES) permit, and the permitting authority has been notified in writing
prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to
sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment
plant authority. For guidance, contact your local State Water Board or
Regional Office of the EPA.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The basic description below is specific to the container size. This information is provided for at a glance DOT information. Please refer to the container and/or shipping papers for the appropriate shipping description before tendering this material for shipment. Dangerous goods descriptions may not reflect end-use or region-specific exceptions that can be applied. For additional information, please contact the distributor listed in section 1 of this SDS.

Reportable Quantity:	Not Applicable
TDG:	Not Regulated
DOT:	Not Regulated
IATA:	Not Regulated
IMDG/IMO:	Not Regulated

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA Inventory Status: All components of this material are listed on the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory. Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and **US Federal Regulations:** Reauthorization ACT of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372. SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization: Acute Health Hazard Yes Chronic Health Hazard No Fire Hazard No Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard No **Reactive Hazard** No **Clean Air Act, Section 12 Hazardous Air** Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61): This product does not contain any reportable HAPs. **Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC):** This product does not contain any listed substances.



California Prop. 65:

This product contains no listed substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm at levels which require reporting under the state statute.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS Rating:	Health 2
	Flammability 0
	Reactivity 0
Prepared By:	Kyle Baron
Preparation Date:	May 27, 2015

The information herein is based on data considered to be accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or results. Also this shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third person proximately caused if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Additionally, vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by abnormal use of the material even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Furthermore, vendee assumes the risk in use of the material.

Our products are intended for sale to industrial and commercial customers. We encourage customers to inspect and test our products before use and to satisfy themselves as to suitability for their specific applications.

Warranty - The manufacturer warrants that products sold comply with specifications as represented and will perform satisfactorily if used according to the directions, or the manufacturer will refund or replace any unused portion thereof, for a period of one year from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer does not make any other warranty, or assume responsibility of any kind, expressed or implied regarding the effect or result of the products use; and assumes no responsibility of injury to vendee or third parties proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to.